

## Quarterly (July to Sept.) Report, 2019



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**Aashis Social Service Nepal**  
Butwal, Rupandehi, Nepal

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# **1. Aashis Social Service Nepal (ASSN)**

## **1.1. Organization Profile**

Name:- **Aashis Social Service Nepal**  
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Rupendehi District, 5 no.  
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Registration:- At Rupandehi District  
Date:- 5th September 2006  
Registration No.:- 1087  
PAN NO.:- 303782726  
Registration at social welfare council No.:- 20821  
Date:- 14th Nov.2006  
Bank Account – Bank of Kathmandu LTD.Butwl branch  
A/C No. 010300000534  
Bank Swift Code: BOKLNPKA  
Working Committee membership no.:- 7 male 4 female 3

## **Projects of ASSN**

### **1. Against Girls Trafficking.**

There are, however, many approaches to prevent girl trafficking. ASSN has been applying some of such approaches in the field. The programmes' activities and achievement of ASSN have been described below in the sub- topics of each events

#### **1.1. Objective of ASSN's Programmes.**

The main objective of the ASSN's programmes is to stop girls trafficking

in Nepal and the specific objectives of the programmes are as per following.

- To run patrolling and counseling at border between India and Nepal and Butwal Bus station.
- To Support the Nepal police to identify the traffickers to punish them.
- To save women and girls from selling the brothels of different cities of Indian cities and other third countries.
- To raise awareness on women and girls trafficking in the Communities.
- To make self-dependent to backward communities' women through different Vocational, skill development and income generating programmes in the backward communities.
- To support women and girls for micro enterprises
- To provide shelter home to women and girls who have return back in Nepal after being trafficked and those women who are extremely high risk of trafficking and those who have found in the border while monitoring in the border.
- To make empower to women and girls of the communities.

## **1.2. Geographical Area of the Programmes**

At present, ASSN has been working in Rupandehi, Kapilvastu and Nawalparasi districts of 5 no province of Nepal.

## **1.3. Patrolling Programme.**

Patrolling programme is running continuously to prevent girls

trafficking. Now ASSN has been patrolling and counseling at Sunauli boarder, Butwal Bus Station of Rupandehi district and Thutibari Boarder of Nawalparasi district. Rupandehi district of Nepal has become a main transit point for women trafficking. Through this district and the Sunauli boarder, women and girls from different districts are taking India and other foreign countries for different purposes. Among the Nepal-India open border, Sunauli is main point to crossing the India many people use this boarder while going to India. So, ASSN has been mobilizing volunteers at Sunauli boarder, Butwal Bus station and Thutibari boarder which is also one of the major boarders between India and Nepal through this boarder also trafficker use to take Nepali girls to India. We have found many girls going to India for works but they are actually taken by Traffickers for prostitution. We have made those girls returned to their home after counseling by boarder staffs and those whose do not have parents and are homeless and helpless are kept in grace shelter home.

### **1.3.1. Activities.**

Following activities have been conducting in Suauli and Thutibari boarders and Butwa Bus Station under boarder patrolling and counseling programme.

- Strictly monitored in Sunauli and Thutibari boarders and Butwal Bus Station upon the women and girls who are going to India and crossing the border.
- Counseling to those women whom seem doubt
- Those girls who are going to India with unknown person in different pretend and no have their parents in home and are at high risk of trafficking is referred to grace shelter home.

### **1.3.2. Method/ Approach**

The method / approach of boarder patrolling programme has been written below

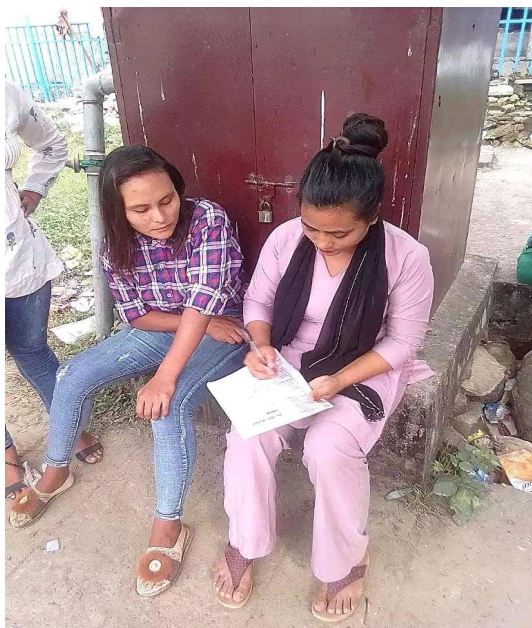
- Monitor in border and Butwal bus station with coordination of Nepal police.
- Staff stays in boarders and Bus Station area watching the women going to India.
- Counseling to women who are going in India.

### **1.3.3. Achievements**

The achievements of patrolling programme since July to September are below.

### **1.3.4. Monitoring**

ASSN border patrolling programme had been monitored by the executive body of ASSN.





*Pictures while counseling to girls by the ASSN staffs*

## **2. Income Generating / Vocational and Skill Development Programmes**

Income generating/ vocational and skill development programme helps to women and girls to become economically self-dependent generating the income themselves running small entrepreneurs. In the context of Nepal poverty is extreme even in the urban along with rural areas the government is unable to provide job to people. Due to the lack of job or income source many young girls have felt on the trap of trafficker in the



hope to getting better job in India and other foreign countries. So, these activities attempt to solve this problem. There is need such types training to make women economically self depend.

### **2.1. Activities**

The activities conducted by ASSN under the income generating/ vocational and skill development training programme are below.

#### **i. Sewing and Cutting Training**

During this quarter Sewing and cutting Training has been conducted at Butwal Sub-Metropolitan City ward no-2. This Training was started on July and will be accomplished on December. The training will be run for six months in the training 12 trainees are participated and learning skill about clothes sewing and cutting. This training was held with the financial support of free The beloved Nepali daughter, and has been organized by ASSN.







## **2.2. Method / Approach**

The method and approach of the activities are as per following.

- Coordination with local government of Nepal.
- Participants were selected for the trainings.
- Training was provided with the base of theoretically and practically.

## **2.3. Achievement**

The achievement of Income generating/ vocational and skill development training is below.

- 12 women and Girls had participated and learnt sewing and cutting skill development training.

### **3. Grace Shelter Home Programme**

Among all the programs of ASSN, Grace Shelter home is the most important programme. Trafficking affected girls and women are psychologically depressed, may have experienced physical torture and more specially, they can't adjust to their community immediately and the society do not accept them. So, such girls and women need a safe and loving environment for a bit long time to overcome the trauma and stigma they just experienced. So they need protection from harm by traffickers, who fear prosecution for their act. ASSN has provided grace shelter home facility to such girls and women to safe, healing environment. In this home different services have been provided them and are aware about the problem related with girls trafficking, sexually transmitted diseases and other trafficking related activities. Considering such situation of Trafficked girls who come in Nepal escaping from brothels and the owner of brothels sent them after infected from different sexual diseases and they can become helpless because they cannot go their parents home due to the such stigmas the society do not accept them ASSN has established a grace shelter home have 4 persons capacity. it is located at Butwal Sub-Metropolitan City ward No-2, Pakhapani.

#### **3.1. Activities**

The activities to be carried out in the Grace Shelter home are below:

- Provide food to the girls and women living in the shelter home.
- Provide resident to the girls and women living in the shelter home.
- Provide different types of vocational and skill development

training to the girls and women to rehabilitation them in the community.

- Provide treatment facility to them.

### **Vocational Skill Development training**

In the grace shelter home different facilities are provided out of them one is vocational and skill development training. In the grace shelter home different types of vocational and skill development trainings are provided along with residential package to girls and women of grace shelter home that can be helpful them to be rehabilitation in the community and become self-dependent generating income. In this quarter there are 3 sisters.



### **Health facility**

In this period normal fever problems had been seen to the sister and treatment was made them taking medicine from the nearest medical.

### **3.2. Method/ Approach**

The methods of running shelter home are as follow;

- Appoint and house mother to care the girls and women.

- Take them at health center for treatment
- Trainings are provided to them theoretically and practically.

### **3.3. Achievement**

The achievements are below;

- Currently 3 girls are living in the grace shelter home.
- Different types of trainings they have been learning living there.
- Normal diseases had been seen and did remedy taking the medicine from the nearby medical.

## **4. Micro Enterprises Programme**

The micro- credit business programme is also the main part of ASSN. Its main purpose is to train the victimized, poor and marginalized women and make them independent by giving skill development training and loan to run their business. The loan is provided to them for establish business on the basis of skill what they have learnt without interest and they have to return the loan in the installation basis. Now, three groups are running for micro credit business, From April 2017, we have provided the loan to them retuning from pervious groups where 18 members are participated. ASSN has been providing them skill development training according to their needs and will invest in their business to make them independent.

### **4.1. Activities**

The activities done under this programme are below;

- Provide necessary training.
- provide loan without interest to new groups to establish business

### **4.2. Achievement**

18 women are running business with the loan support of ASSN



## **5. Education Programme**

ASSN has been providing education to the homeless, poor, disable and orphan children of squatter and slum area.

### **5.1. Geographical Area of the programme**

Butwal Sub-Metroplitan City ward no- 11 Majuwa, Rupandehi dstrict

### **5.2. Objective**

The objectives of the programme are is to provide education to the children of orphan, homeless, poor, disable.

## **6.3. School Programme**

Under the school programme ASSN has been providing continually Scholarship to seven pro poor children, and helpless children for their study who are studying Suryoday Primary School at Butwal Sub-metropolitan City ward no-11, Majuwa. Those seven children are getting Rs. 1,000 per children per month and it has been spending 7,000/- per month for seven children scholarships.



## Story of Success

Case study of Amrita B.k.



My name is Amrita B.K. Now I am 24

years old. My parent house is in Nishikhola Rural Municipality ward no-6, Baglung district, Gandaki Province, Nepal and my husband's house is also lie in the ward. I had born into the poor family. At that time in our family we were 7 persons, In which my father, mother, two brothers and we four sisters. I am the

eldest child of my parents after me continuously other two sisters had born and after them two brothers had born and in last a sister had born. We were economically weak in the house because we had not much land for cultivation. So my father would go to do labour work in house construction site but my father had learn carpenter. So being a skill my father got a bit more wage than other but that was not sufficient to meet family daily hands to mouth need and my mother was sick therefore she was unable to do wage labour in others house. And being elderly child of parents I would go to do agricultural wage labour which helped to father to meet need families livelihood. During the work in the field I had felt on the love with my husband at that time I was 19 years old. After 3 months of being felt in love I eloped with him. Both of us leaved our house and came in Butwal. After Coming in Butwal until two days we lived in a hotel and then we take a room in rent in Majuwa which is the squatter area of Butwal. When we get room and started live in the rental room my husband started to pull Rikshwa in Butwal but the income earning from pulling Rikshwa was insufficient for us and I also started to collect stone and sand in Tinau Khola But the task was very hard and to do such work was illegal I was so much tired with work and one day I listened that a organization is conducting skill development training and I went in the organization and registered my name to take the training. After that I participated in the training regularly. There I learnt sewing and cutting training very well and after 6 months the training was over. At that time I said with the sir of the organization and they involved me in the micro credit programme from the programme I got 20000 rupees from the money I bought a sewing machine and started to earn money now I earn monthly 15000.